

Trent University Chemistry/Physics Seminar Series

Professor Feiyue Wang
University of Manitoba
Centre for Earth Observation Science
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg

Wednesday, November 9, 2016 11:00 a.m. to 11:50 a.m. Science Complex Room 115

Croyo-reactions and Cryospheric Chemistry

Most chemical reactions in aqueous solution slow down as temperature decreases. In frozen media, however, certain reactions are known to proceed very differently from their aqueous counterparts, some being accelerated in rate while others yielding unexpected products. Although the mechanisms of most of these "cryo-reactions" remain poorly known, their importance in many stratospheric and tropospheric processes has been long recognized. Evidence is mounting that the Earth's cryosphere (snow, sea ice, lake and river ice, glaciers, and permafrost) is also a much more chemically and biogeochemically active environment than previously thought. This presentation will provide a synopsis of the current understanding of cryo-reactions, with a special emphasis on their role in the cycling of CO₂ and contaminants on regional and global scales under a changing climate.

All Welcome!